

Panaji, 5th April, 1984 (Chaitra 16, 1906)

SERIES I No. 1

OFFICIAL GAZETTE



GOVERNMENT OF GOA, DAMAN AND DIU

GOVERNMENT OF GOA, DAMAN AND DIU

Department of Personnel and Administrative Reforms

Notification

1/5476-PER (Part)

In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to Article 309 of the Constitution read with the Government of India, Ministry of External Affairs Notification No. F. 7(11)62-Goa dated 25th July, 1963, the Lieutenant Governor of Goa, Daman and Diu hereby makes the following amendment to all the existing Recruitment Rules governing recruitment to Group 'C' and Group 'D' posts in the Union Territory of Goa, Daman and Diu, namely:—

In the Schedule appended to all the existing Recruitment Rules for the various group 'C' and group 'D' posts under this Administration in the entry under column 6, for the words "Relaxable upto 5 years for Government Servants" wherever they occur, the following words shall be substituted, namely:—

"Relaxable for Government Servants".

By order and in the name of the Lieutenant Governor of Goa, Daman and Diu.

N. P. Gaunekar, Under Secretary (Personnel).

Panaji, 12th March, 1984.

Forest and Agriculture Department

Notification

8-12-82-FOR

The Wild Life Sanctuary which is popularly known as "Molem Wild Life Sanctuary" and constituted by Government Notification No. 8-12-82-FOR, dated 27-9-82, published in the Official Gazette, No. 26, Series I, dated 27-9-1982 is hereby named as "Bhagwan Mahavir Wild Life Sanctuary".

By order and in the name of the Administrator of Goa, Daman and Diu.

S. M. Naik, Under Secretary to the Government of Goa, Daman and Diu.

Panaji, 14th March, 1984.

Notification

8-12-82-FOR

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 18 of the Wild Life (Protection) Act, 1972 (Central Act 53 of 1972), the Administrator of Goa, Daman and Diu hereby amends the Government Notification no. 8-12-82-FOR dated 27-9-1982, published in the Official Gazette Series I, No. 26, dated 27-9-1982 (hereinafter called the "principal Notification") as follows, namely:—

For the Schedule appended to the principal Notification, the following Schedule shall be substituted, namely:—

SCHEDULE

The areas of Sanguem taluka falling partially or wholly within the village limits of Aglote, Boma, Calem, Caranzol, Calem, Carmonem, Dongurilm, Dudal, Maulinguem, Molem, Oxel, Patiem, Surla, Sancordem, Sigao and Sonaillim and delimited by the boundaries mentioned below:

Boundaries in the clockwise directions:

Starting from a point, which is the intersection of Sanguem-Satari Taluka boundary and Malpona Bolcornem-Molem road.

North: Along the taluka boundary between Satari and Sanguem upto the interstate boundary between the district of Goa and Karnataka State.

East: Thence along the interstate boundary of district of Goa and Karnataka State upto its intersection with the southern boundary of the Patiem Village.

South: Thence along the southern boundary of Patiem village upto its intersection with the road leading from Tudou to Data of Sangod village through Dudal, Calem and Carmonem.

West: Thence along the road leading from Tudou to Data of Sangod through the villages Dudal, Calem and Carmonem upto the river Candeapar (Dudhsagar). Further along upstream of the same river upto its intersection (Bridge) with the road leading from

NOTE: NOT APPLICABLE TO
POST OFFICE DAMAN & DIU.

Colem to Molem. Further along the road leading from Colem to Malpona through Molem upto the starting point of the northern boundary.

By order and in the name of the Administrator of Goa, Daman and Diu.

S. M. Naik, Under Secretary to the Government of Goa, Daman and Diu.

Panaji, 14th March, 1984.

Corrigendum

8-12-82-FOR

In the Government Notification No. 8-12-82-FOR dated 27-9-1982, published in the Official Gazette, Series I, No. 26, dated 27-9-1982, for the figures "20-12-1967" occurring in the recital thereof, read "28-12-1967".

By order and in the name of the Administrator of Goa, Daman and Diu.

S. M. Naik, Under Secretary to the Government of Goa, Daman and Diu.

Panaji, 14th March, 1984.

Local Administration and Welfare Department

Notification

5-56-81/LAWD(Marketing)

Whereas the Government vide Notification No. 5-56-81/LAWD (MARKETING), dated 14th February, 1984, published in the Official Gazette Series I, No. 47, dated 23rd February, 1984 and also local daily newspapers dated 17-2-1984 inviting objections or suggestions from the members of the public on the declaration of the intention of the Administrator of Goa, Daman and Diu for regulating the marketing of "Cattle" in the District of Goa as a market area;

And whereas no objections or suggestions were received on the said declaration within the prescribed period.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Maharashtra Agricultural Produce Marketing (Regulation) Act, 1963 as extended to the Union territory of Goa, Daman and Diu, the Administrator of Goa, Daman and Diu hereby declares that the marketing of 'Cattle' shall be regulated under the said Act in the District of Goa, as market area.

By order and in the name of the Administrator of Goa, Daman and Diu.

A. V. Pimenta, Under Secretary (LAWD)

Panaji, 23rd March, 1984.

Industries and Labour Department

Notification

1/629/78-ILD

Whereas the draft of certain rules which the Government of Goa, Daman and Diu proposed to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 6 read with sections 33, 39, 46 and 47 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908 (Central Act 15 of 1908), was published as required by sub-section (2) of section 6 of the said Act, at pages 341 to 359 of the Official Gazette, Series I, No. 38, dated the 16th December, 1982 under the Industries and Labour Department Notification No. 1/629/78-ILD, dated the 1st December, 1982 inviting suggestions and objections from all persons likely to be affected thereby within thirty days from the date of publication of the said Notification in the Official Gazette;

And whereas the said Gazette was made available to the public on the 16th December, 1982;

And whereas no suggestions or objections have been received from the public to the said draft by the Government.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 6 read with sections 33, 35, 46 and 47 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908 (Central Act 15 of 1908), the Lieutenant Governor of Goa, Daman and Diu hereby makes the following rules, namely:—

CHAPTER I

Preliminary

1. Short title and commencement.—(1) These rules may be called the Goa, Daman and Diu Ports, Rules, 1983.

(2) They shall come into force at once.

2. Definitions.—In these rules, unless the subject or context otherwise requires,—

(a) "Act" means the Indian Ports Act, 1908 (Central Act 15 of 1908);

(b) "Craft" means any vessel, power driven or otherwise, plying, exclusively or partly, within the limits of a port;

(c) "Crew" means the assemblage of all persons which constitutes the crew of a craft;

(d) "Fair weather season" means the period commencing on the 16th day of September and ending on the 20th day of May next following;

(e) "Foul weather season" means the period commencing on the 21st day of May and ending on the 15th day of September next following;

(f) "Government" means the Government of Goa, Daman and Diu;

(g) "Licensed Craft" means any craft to which a licence is granted under the rules;

(h) "Owner" in relation to a craft includes part owner, charterer, consignee, agent or mortgagee in possession thereof;

NOTE:- (X) NOT APPLICABLE TO PORT OFFICE, Daman & Diu.

(i) "Port Authority" means the Captain of Ports or the Deputy Captain of Ports or the Marine Secretary, Diu, Daman, Chapora, Betul and Talpona;

(j) "Port Office" means the Office of the Captain of Ports or of the Deputy Captain of Ports or of the Marine Secretary, Diu, Daman, Chapora, Betul and Talpona;

(k) "Surveyor" means a surveyor appointed under Section 4 of the Inland Vessels Act, 1917 (Central Act 1 of 1917);

(l) "Tindal" includes Master or any other person in charge of a craft;

(m) "Ton" means the gross registered ton of a craft;

(n) "Tonne" means a metric tonne of 1000 kgs.;

(o) "Union territory" means the Union territory of Goa, Daman and Diu;

(p) "Unsafe craft" means any vessel the material of which it is made, its construction, the qualification of its tindal and the driver, if any, the number, description and storage of the cargo and ballast, the condition of the hull, equipment, boilers and machinery, if any, are such as to render her in any way unfit for the proposed voyage or service.

CHAPTER II

Movement of craft

3. Movement of unsafe craft. — Except in cases of emergency, no craft shall enter into any port, or move within or leave any port, if it is unsafe.

4. Tindal to use discretion. — Every tindal shall use his discretion in towing a craft and must be guided by the conditions of weather, traffic and width of the waterways.

5. Procedure to be adopted by craft in narrow channel. — When a craft comes across another craft in a narrow channel, both crafts shall ease down and proceed at a dead slow speed. When two crafts are proceeding in the same direction, subject to circumstances permitting, the overtaking craft shall indicate its desire to overtake the other craft by giving appropriate sound signals. The craft which is overtaken, shall then, subject to circumstances permitting, steer clear from the channel and indicate such alterations by appropriate signals.

6. Craft to observe care and caution in narrow rivers. — All crafts navigating in narrow rivers, canals, etc., where a backwash is likely to set up sufficient cause for undue erosion or damage in the river bank, shall proceed at a reduced speed and shall further observe extreme care and caution.

7. Craft not to proceed alongside any bunds. — Except in case of emergency for the safety of life or property, no craft shall proceed alongside any bund other than authorised loading points.

8. Craft to reduce speed when approaching any fishing craft. — A craft coming near another craft engaged in fishing or other activities, shall proceed at a reduced speed so as to prevent damage to the said craft or life on board that craft.

9. Craft to reduce speed when approaching ferry. — A craft shall reduce its speed when approaching ferry or other crossings and shall proceed with great caution giving right of way to such ferry or passenger craft.

10. Craft to reduce speed when approaching bridge, etc. — A craft, when approaching a bridge, across rivers, canals or creeks, shall proceed at such a speed that it can be stopped dead within its own length.

11. Craft to proceed with great caution when approaching Aguada bar, etc. — Every craft, when underway, between the approaches to Aguada bar and Panaji jetty, shall, in view of the narrow channels and limited room for manoeuvring, proceed with great caution and, if necessary, give right of way to a passenger ship.

12. Craft not to leave port without payment of dues. — No craft shall leave a port unless all the dues under the Act are paid to the concerned Port Office. The Port Authority shall take whatever action considered necessary to prevent a craft from leaving a port without payment of the dues. All expenses incurred by the Port Authority in this behalf shall be payable by the owner of the concerned craft.

13. Craft to comply with instructions of Port Authority. — Any craft entering or moving within or staying in a port shall comply with the instructions issued by the Port Authority for occupation of berths, jetties, quays, wharves, anchorages, etc., or for the removal or proper hanging or placing of anchors, spars and other things being in or attached to a craft in a port.

14. Craft passing under bridge to strike deck appurtenances. — A craft requiring to pass under a bridge shall strike deck appurtenances in such a way as to be able to pass under the bridge clearly and without there being any likelihood or causing any damage to the bridge.

CHAPTER III

Licensing of Craft

15. Craft to be licensed. — (1) No craft shall ply unless it holds a licence issued under the rules:

Provided that nothing in this rule shall apply to, —

(a) boats forming part of the equipment of a ship or any other craft;

(b) a craft belonging to the Central Government or the Government of any State or of any Union territory; and

(c) a craft entering a port from another port outside the Union territory for either loading or unloading cargo or embarking or disembarking passengers only.

(2) An application for licence may be made in Form No. I, together with the licence and inspection fees, as prescribed in the Schedule to the Port Authority.

(3) On receipt of an application for licence, the Port Authority shall inspect the craft or cause it to be inspected and on being satisfied that the craft

is seaworthy, properly equipped and suited for the service for which it is proposed, issue a licence in form No. II:

Provided that the receipt issued for the payment of the licence fee shall be deemed to be the licence under this rule for a non-mechanised and non-passenger craft of upto 10.00 tons:

Provided further that the Port Authority or any Officer authorised by him in this behalf, may not inspect any craft holding a certificate of survey issued under the Inland Vessels Act, 1917 or the Merchant Shipping Act, 1958.

(4) In case the Port Authority refuses to issue the licence, it shall, before such refusal, inform the applicant in writing, by giving grounds for such refusal. If the defects or deficiencies are rectified to the satisfaction of the Port Authority, it shall issue the licence.

(5) Every licence granted under sub-rule (3) shall be valid for a period of twelve months from the date of issue of the licence or for such lesser period as may be specified therein:

Provided that a licence issued in the months of October, November or December shall be valid until the end of December of the following year, unless its validity is specifically restricted, in which case it will expire on the day specified therein.

(6) No person shall be employed or registered as tindel of a licensed craft unless he has been found by the Port Authority to be competent, efficient and accustomed to the use of the craft to be placed under his charge in accordance with the orders, instructions etc. issued by the Port Authority from time to time.

(7) The owner of every licensed craft shall, for the purpose of verification of the entries in the licence, produce the tindel of the craft before the Port Authority every year in the months of October, November or December on a date fixed by the Port Authority:

Provided that if such craft is away from the port on the date so fixed, the owner shall produce the tindel before the Port Authority within 24 hours of the return of the craft to the port.

(8) No craft shall lie afloat within the limits of a port, with a crew complement of less than one third of the number specified in the licence or one in case of non-mechanised craft or two in case of mechanised craft, whichever is higher.

(9) A craft found plying in a port without a licence shall be liable for detention by the Port Authority pending finalisation of the proceedings for the violation of the provisions of the rules.

16. **Renewal of licence.**—(1) Every licence shall, unless the Port Authority, for reasons to be recorded in writing, otherwise decides in any case, be renewed in the months of October, November or December preceding the year for which the licence refers to, except in case of a craft registered for the first time. The provisions applicable to the grant of a licence shall apply to the renewal of a licence.

(2) Where the Port Authority is satisfied that it is not practicable for the owner of a craft to renew the licence for any sufficient reasons within the prescribed period, he may extend the validity of such licence by a period not exceeding three months.

(3) The owner of a craft not desirous of renewal of the licence for any one or more years shall notify the Port Authority in advance, failing which he shall be liable to pay the licence fee for the entire period thereof.

17. **Renewal of a licence after its expiry.**—Where a licensee submits his application for renewal of his licence after the expiry of the period for which the licence was granted, the Port Authority may renew the licence on payment of the additional fees as under:—

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|-------------------------------|------|
| (i) if renewed in January | 5% |
| (ii) if renewed in February | 25% |
| (iii) if renewed in March | 50% |
| (iv) if renewed in April | 75% |
| (v) if renewed in May onwards | 100% |

18. **Minor Owners.**—If the owner of a craft is a minor, the licence may be obtained or renewed by the guardian of the minor. In any case, the guardian shall be deemed to be the owner for the purposes of rule 15.

19. **Licence, rules, etc. to be produced on demand.**—The owner of a craft shall furnish or cause to be furnished a copy of the rules together with the copies of any written directions issued by the Port Authority to the tindel, who shall, on demand produce the same to any person being the hirer or consignee or passenger of such craft. The owner shall be responsible for ensuring that the tindel understands the rules and the directions and in token thereof he shall obtain a declaration from the tindel to that effect. Such a declaration shall, on demand, be produced by him before the Port Authority.

20. **Distinctive numbering of licensed craft.**—(1) The owner of a licensed craft shall paint or cause to be painted on a conspicuous part of the bow of the craft on one side, the licence number of such craft, upon a dark background, in white Arabic numerals of not less than ten centimetres in length and on the quarter of the other side, the number of the craft, as indicated in the licence.

(2) No person shall paint or counterfeit or cause to be painted or counterfeited upon any craft not duly licensed under rule 15, any such numbers aforesaid or any other mark likely to mislead any person to believe that such craft has been so licensed.

21. **Change of ownership or control of licensed craft.**—When the holder of a licence transfers the ownership of the craft to another person, or mortgages or otherwise places such craft under the control of any other person, the licence shall cease to be valid on the expiry of six days from the date of such transfer, unless an endorsement is made on the licence by the Port Authority to the effect that notwithstanding the transfer of ownership, mortgage or transfer of the craft to such other person, the licence shall continue to remain valid.

22. Changes in crew or carrying capacity of licensed craft to be reported. — (1) Whenever the tindel of any licensed craft is changed, or any alteration on such craft is made so as to affect any of the particulars specified in the licence granted in respect of such craft, such change or alteration shall forthwith be reported by the owner thereof to the Port Authority.

Provided that if such change or alteration takes place at a time when the craft is away from the Port, it may be reported as soon as may be on return of the craft to the Port.

23. Repairs of licensed craft ordered for inspection. — The owner of every licensed craft shall execute such repairs thereto as the Port Authority may direct in order to render the craft seaworthy and until such repairs have been duly executed and the Port Authority has granted permission for its use, no owner or person shall ply any such craft or cause or permit it to be plied. For the purpose of such repairs, the owner shall cause the craft to be hauled up only at such place(s) as the Port Authority may from time to time direct.

24. Control of working of a licensed craft. — (1) In any licence issued to any craft under the rules, the Port Authority may specify: —

- (i) the equipment to be provided on board;
- (ii) the full complement of crew, and
- (iii) the number of passengers that the craft is certified to carry in fair weather and foul weather seasons, respectively.

(2) At no time, the craft shall have on board equipment or crew less than that specified in the licence or more number of passengers and quantity of cargo other than her certified carrying capacity for the season so specified in the licence. Any breach of this requirement shall render its owner, agent, tindel or any other person responsible for the operation of the craft guilty of offence punishable under the Act.

25. Provision of life-saving appliances. — (1) No craft licensed under these rules shall ply unless it carries such number of approved Life Saving Appliances as may be specified by the Port Authority.

(2) Every non-mechanised passenger craft shall be fitted with stabilizers or outriggers, at least on one side, and with grablines on the side of gunwale.

(3) Where, on any voyage, a licensed craft does not carry passengers to the extent it is certified to carry, the Port Authority may permit it to carry a reduced number of Life Saving Appliances for that voyage.

(4) Where, for any reason, the owner of any craft does not or is unable to provide the Life Saving Appliances specified under sub-rule (1), the Port Authority may reduce the certified carrying capacity of the craft and allow such a craft to ply subject to such conditions as may be specified in an endorsement to be made in the licence.

26. Comforts and protection of passengers. — (1) Every craft licensed for carriage of passengers shall be fitted with wooden benches or similar

framework providing sufficient seating accommodation for the full complement of passengers it is certified to carry.

(2) Every craft licensed for carriage of passengers shall be provided with awnings and weather screens to protect passengers from exposure to weather subject to stability consideration.

(3) The tindel and crew of a craft licensed to carry passengers shall treat the passengers with utmost courtesy, failing which they may be prohibited by the Port Authority, after giving an opportunity to the said tindel and crew to have their say, from working any craft.

(4) No passenger craft shall delay its departure under the pretext of waiting for more passengers after the scheduled time of departure.

27. Obstructing Port traffic. — No person in charge of a craft or any member of its crew serving on it shall, without reasonable excuse, obstruct or hinder the loading, discharging or service of such craft, or any other licensed craft or obstruct or hinder any craft working in the Port or obstruct the free navigation of the Port or the approaches to wharves or jetties or any landing place.

28. Craft to render all possible services if required by the port for general safety. — If, at any time, the Port Authority or any Officer of the Port authorised by him in this behalf, requires, in the event of emergency, the services of any, craft for the general safety of the Port or shipping in the Port, the tindel shall immediately proceed with his craft to such place as he may be directed verbally or in writing and take whatever action that may be possible under the circumstances subject to the safety of his own craft.

29. Compliance with the provisions regarding prevention of collisions at sea. — Every licensed craft shall comply with the provisions of the Merchant Shipping (Prevention of Collisions at Sea) Regulations, 1965 as amended from time to time.

30. Refusal to ply without lawful excuse. — If the owner, tindel or the person in charge of a craft plying regularly for hire refuses, without reasonable cause, to ply such craft for hire when required to do so, the Port Authority may revoke the licence of such craft and may take any other action against such person as considered necessary, after giving to the concerned party a reasonable opportunity to show cause against such revocation of the licence.

31. Permissible load of licensed craft. — (1) No person shall load a licensed craft with the passengers or livestock or cargo in contravention of the terms of its licence.

(2) No tindel of any licensed craft shall permit any livestock to be loaded in it, unless the craft has been provided with sand ballast or straw sufficient to form a flat surface and the craft complies with such other requirements as may be specified by notices by the Port Authority in this behalf issued from time to time.

(3) Where any livestock is carried in a licensed craft, no other cargo or passengers, except such

number of attendants, as may be permitted by the Port Authority, shall be carried therein.

32. Power of tindel to prevent overloading.—Whenever the number of the passengers or the quantity of the cargo in a licensed craft exceeds the number or quantity which such craft is permitted to carry in accordance with the conditions specified in the licence, the tindel shall, before the commencement of the intended voyage, require the excess number of the passengers or quantity of the cargo to be off-loaded.

Provided that the passengers who had boarded or the cargo which was loaded, later would be off-loaded-first.

33. Craft not to interfere with mooring or approaching craft before anchor.—No person in charge of navigating the craft shall fasten the craft to any mooring or marker buoy or attempt to do so or take it alongside another craft approaching an anchorage or mooring before such craft has come to anchor or has been moored to a buoy.

34. Loading and shipping of the passengers and goods to be within the Port.—All passengers and goods shall be landed or shipped in such places within the limits of the ports as may, from time to time, be fixed by the Port Authority for the purpose and no person shall ship or land passengers or goods outside such places unless otherwise permitted by the Port Authority.

35. Rates of craft hire.—No owner, his agent or any person in charge of a licensed craft permitted to carry passengers for hire shall demand from any passenger an amount of hire exceeding the one sanctioned by the Port Authority and for the time being in force and no owner or person in charge of a craft or any member of its crew shall demand or accept any gratuity or present from any passenger.

36. Revocation of licence.—The Port Authority may, by order, suspend or revoke or cancel any licence for breach of any of these rules or any of the conditions of the licence or any misconduct on the part of the licensee or his employee.

Provided that no order for revocation or cancellation of any licence shall be made unless the owner of the craft or his agent has been given an opportunity of showing cause against such order and any reasons for such revocation or cancellation shall be recorded in writing in the said order.

37. Appeal against order of the Port Authority.—An appeal against an order of the Port Authority under these rules lie to the Secretary to the Government, Industries and Labour Department, Secretariat, Panaji. Every such appeal shall be preferred in writing within fourteen days from the date on which the order of the Port Authority has been communicated in writing to the person concerned. The decision of the Secretary to the Government, Industries and Labour Department thereon shall be final and binding:

Provided that the Secretary to the Government, Industries and Labour Department may entertain the appeal after the expiry of the said period of fourteen

days, if he is satisfied that the appellant was prevented by sufficient cause from filing the appeal in time.

CHAPTER IV

Landing and Wharfage

38. Application for landing or shipping of goods.—(1) Any person desirous of carrying on the work of landing or shipping of goods at a landing place shall apply in writing to the Port Authority for permission thereof.

(2) On receipt of the application, the Port Authority may on payment of the prescribed fee grant the permission, subject to the provisions of the rules.

(3) Where any dangerous goods are to be shipped or landed, the details of such goods shall be specifically mentioned in the application.

(4) The applicant or his agent shall, when so required, be bound to produce such document or give such information as may be required by the Port Authority at the time of the landing or shipping of the goods.

(5) The Port Authority shall have the power to verify whether the goods are in conformity with the documents as produced.

39. Working hours for landing and shipping.—(1) The working hours for the purpose of the landing and shipping of goods shall be from 08.00 hours to 12.00 hours and from 13.00 hours to 17.00 hours on all working days.

(2) Any person desirous of carrying on the work of landing or shipping of goods beyond the working hours on any working day or on a holiday, shall apply to the Port Authority in the same manner in which applications are made for overtime working of a craft.

(3) The Port Authority may, on payment of the prescribed fees, grant the permission subject to such conditions as it may impose.

40. Area for storage of goods.—(1) The Port Authority shall, by order in writing, specify the transit sheds and other areas for storage of goods in transit free of charge for a maximum period of five days at a landing place.

(2) The goods landed or shipped shall be stored in the transit sheds or in the areas specified under sub-rule (1).

(3) The Port Authority may, after the expiry of the free period, remove the goods from the transit shed or the area declared under sub-rule (1) to the unclaimed goods warehouse.

41. Control of landing and shipping.—(1) The landing and shipping of goods at a landing place shall be subject to the control of the Port Authority.

(2) The Port Authority shall regulate the landing and shipping of goods so as to be in consonance

42. Goods to be landed or shipped at declared places.—(1) The Port Authority may, from time with the rules.

to time, by order in writing, specify the places for landing and shipping of the various kinds of goods at a landing place.

(2) Except with the permission of the Port Authority, no goods shall be landed or shipped at a place other than the place specified under sub-rule (1).

43. **Port Authority to provide facility for landing or shipping of goods.**—The Port Authority may provide reasonable facilities and services for assuming custody in craft or on shore, landing and conveyance of goods to transit sheds or areas specified for storage of goods in transit and for delivering them to the consignees or their authorised agents, and for receiving goods and assuming their custody and conveying them alongside a craft for shipment.

44. **Port Authority to give receipt for goods taken in custody.**—The Port Authority shall (subject to final tally on shore) give receipts of goods taken in custody under rule 43.

45. **Responsibility of Port Authority in respect of goods taken under custody.**—The responsibility of the Port Authority for the loss, destruction, damage or deterioration of the goods taken in custody under rule 43 shall be that of a bailee under sections 151, 152 and 161 of the Indian Contract Act, 1872 (Central Act No. 9 of 1872) and till the receipt under rule 44 is given by the Port Authority, the goods shall be at the risk of the owner.

46. **Notice for loss, damage, etc. to be given by the owner or agent.**—The Port Authority shall not be responsible for any loss of, or damage to the goods taken in custody under rule 43 unless the owner or his agent gives a notice of such loss or damage within seven days.

47. **Port Authority to mark goods landed or intended to be shipped in damaged condition.**—The Port Authority shall mark all goods landed from any craft, or intended for shipment, in apparently broken, changed or damaged condition and shall not be responsible for any loss of, or damage to, such goods.

48. **Port Authority not responsible for costly articles unless specifically tendered.**—The Port Authority shall not be responsible for any loss of, or damage to, any package of goods containing work of art or an article costing Rs. 500.00 or more if such package is not specifically tendered by the tinsel, owner or agent of a craft for safe custody.

49. **Removal of dangerous and injurious goods.**—If any goods are landed at a landing place in a condition which, in the opinion of the Port Authority, is causing, or which is likely to cause, nuisance or injury to the public health, the Port Authority may require the owner of such goods or his agent to remove such goods from the landing place within such period as may be prescribed by it. If such owner or agent refuses or neglects or fails without a reasonable cause to remove such goods within the prescribed time, the Port Authority may cause the removal or disposal of such goods in such manner as it may deem fit and recover the expenses for such removal or disposal from the owner or agent of such goods.

50. **Packages not to be opened within a landing place.**—No package of goods shall be opened in a landing place except with the prior permission of the Port Authority.

51. **Delivery and admission of goods on production of delivery order and shipping order.**—(1) Goods landed at the landing place shall be delivered by the Port Authority only on the production of a Bill of Lading, duly endorsed by the owner's agents clearing inward the craft in Customs' or a delivery order in lieu of an endorsed Bill of Lading containing full specifications and invoices showing the measurement of weight of the packages as required for the purpose of assessment and the duplicate bill of entry from the Customs Authority duly passed.

(2) No goods for shipment by steamers shall be granted admittance into a Port's transit area unless shipping orders have been produced from the owner's agents.

52. **Packages of goods opened by Customs Authority to be at owner's risk.**—Packages of goods opened by the orders of the Customs Authority shall be at the risk of the owner.

53. **Disposal of unclaimed goods.**—(1) Where any goods landed at a landing place are not removed from the landing place by the owner or other person entitled thereto within one month from the date on which such goods were placed in the custody of the Port Authority, the Port Authority may, if the address of such owner or person is known, serve a notice upon him by a letter addressed at such address or sent by Registered post/acknowledgement due or if the notice cannot be served, the same may be published in the Official Gazette and also in one of the daily newspapers requiring him to remove the goods within a period of seven days from the date of such publication;

Provided that, where all the fees payable in respect of any such goods have been paid, no notice of removal shall be served or published unless two months have expired from the date on which the goods were placed in the custody of the Port Authority.

(2) Where the owner or other person entitled thereto fails to comply with the notice so served or published under sub-rule (1), the Port Authority may, at any time, after the expiry of one month from the date on which the notice was so served or so published, order that the goods shall be dealt with in accordance with the laws in force.

54. **Occupation of space in landing place.**—The occupation of space in a landing place shall be subject to the following regulations:—

(1) Application for occupying space shall be made to the Port Authority in writing before depositing the goods therein.

(2) The allotment of the space shall be at the discretion of the Port Authority and the said Authority may refuse to allot space without assigning any reason therefor.

(3) The applicant shall clearly state in the application the period of hire, i.e. whether monthly, quarterly, half-yearly or yearly and the purpose of such occupation.

(4) The fees for occupation shall be payable in advance.

(5) The period of occupation shall be counted from the date of allotment of the space for occupation.

(6) The right to occupy space shall not be transferable without the permission of the Port Authority.

(7) Godowns within the landing place shall be allowed to be occupied only for the storage of goods landed or intended to be shipped.

(8) The goods lying in the space so occupied shall be at the risk and responsibility of the owners.

(9) A part of the godown or platform or portion thereof, if any, shall be allowed to be occupied.

(10) If it is found that the godowns, sheds, platforms or open spaces are utilised for the purposes other than those mentioned in the application, the Port Authority may get the same vacated within forty eight hours. The occupant shall not be entitled to any compensation or refund of fees in such cases.

(11) Timber permitted to be laid upon hard or rafted into a basin shall be removed immediately by the owner, consignee or shipper, whenever required by the Port Authority and if the same is not so removed, it shall be liable to immediate removal at the sole risk and cost of the consignee, owner or shipper thereof, as the case may be.

55. Manner of payment of fees. — (1) All fees leviable under the rules shall be paid in advance.

(2) All goods landed at a landing place shall be assessed according to the details of goods mentioned in the application for landing or shipping of goods under rule 38.

56. General provisions for refund. — An application for refund of fees paid under the rules shall not be considered unless submitted to the Port Authority in writing along with the original documents as a proof of payment, within six calendar months from the date of the first payment, with such other proof in support of the claim of refund as may be admitted.

57. Refund on short landing of bulk oil on dip. — Refund of account of short landing of bulk oil shall be based according to the dip as advised by the Customs Authority.

58. Refund according to amended manifest. — Refund of fees on account of short landing or short shipping of goods in bulk shall be based on the amended manifest.

59. Payment of claims for loss of or damage to goods. — (1) Claims for loss in storage of or damage to goods shall be settled on the prime cost of the articles, minus trade discount together with the actual customs duty paid therefor. An allowance at the rate of 10% of the actual value shall be granted in addition to cover all incidental and other expenses, such as, freight, insurance, wharfage and other charges.

(2) The exchange value of the rupee shall be taken at the current rate of exchange when the goods were landed.

(3) Every claim bill shall be accompanied by the relative invoice in original and the Customs Bill of Entry.

(4) In case of shipping of goods, the calculations shall be based on the market value of the goods at the time of settlement.

CHAPTER V

Casualties

60. Report of casualties. — (1) The owners of any craft involved in any accident or casualty in a Port, shall report such accident or casualty to the Port Authority within forty eight hours of the happening of such accident or casualty or as soon thereafter as possible.

(2) The report made under sub-rule (1) shall include particulars of the place and time of occurrence of the accident or casualty.

(3) When any craft is long overdue and is feared missing, the report made under sub-rule (1) shall include particulars of the place and time where it was last seen, the place it was heading for and the intended course of voyage, if known.

61. Inquiry into casualties. — (1) The Port Authority may conduct enquiries for official purposes.

(2) In case the owner of the craft involved desires to obtain the report of the inquiry made by the Port Authority, the owner of the craft involved shall request the Port Authority, to conduct an inquiry into it and apply for the report. He shall also be required to sign an agreement so as to abide by the decision of the Port Authority.

(3) The Port Authority concerned, may himself conduct the inquiry into the casualty or cause it to be conducted by any other officer. In the latter case, the officer appointed for such purpose shall submit his report to the Port Authority, and the said Authority, on being satisfied with it, shall transmit the findings to the owner of the craft.

(4) The fees for the inquiries under sub-rule (2) shall be 1% of the amount involved, subject to a minimum of Rs. 100-00 (Rupees one hundred only) if the craft involved is power-driven, and Rs. 25-00 (Rupees twenty five only) if the craft involved is not power-driven. Thirty three percent of these fees shall be payable to the officer conducting the inquiry and seventeen percent to the staff concerned.

CHAPTER VI

Port Employment Licence

62. Tindal and crew to require Port Employment Licence. — (1) No person shall be employed on a craft unless he is in possession of a Port Employment Licence.

63. Issue of Port Employment Licence. — (1) A candidate desirous of obtaining a Port Employment

Licence shall apply to the Port Authority alongwith the following documents, namely:—

- (a) Proof of age (Certificate of birth).
- (b) Permission from parents or guardian in case of a minor.
- (c) Documents in support of academic as well as scientific and technical qualifications, if any, alongwith their certified copies.
- (d) Two passport size photographs (every five years). In case of a minor, photographs shall also be submitted when the holder attains the age of 21 years.
- (e) Medical fitness certificate as per the prescribed standard.
- (f) A candidate applying for a licence for employment on power-driven craft shall be required to produce a certificate of having undergone the respective course at the Recognised Maritime School.

Provided that such course shall not be required by the personnel already employed on power-driven craft at the time of the enforcement of these rules:

Provided further that the documents at (a) and (b) shall not be required in respect of the candidates holding "Cedulas Maritimas".

(2) The Port Employment Licence shall be issued in Form No. III.

(3) No Port Employment Licence shall be issued to a person of less than 14 years and of more than 40 years of age, unless, in the latter case, he is already employed on a craft at the commencement of these rules.

(4) The Port Employment Licence shall be endorsed by the employer of the Licence holder for the services rendered by him. It shall be produced for the countersignature of the Port Authority or an Officer authorised by him in this behalf, every year, in the months of October, November or December.

Provided that a summary of the service rendered upto the issue of the licence shall be endorsed at the time of issue of the licence.

(5) The Port Employment Licence shall also contain a record of appreciations commendations awarded, offences, etc. committed as well as fines or punishments imposed on the holder.

(6) The Port Authority may suspend or cancel the Port Employment Licence for proved misbehaviour of the holder warranting such action or if he is found to be medically unfit or convicted, by a Court of law for any offence involving moral turpitude.

Provided that before cancellation of the licence, the holder shall be given reasonable opportunity to show cause against the proposed penalty of the cancellation of the licence.

(7) No person shall obtain a Port Employment Licence from more than one Port Authority.

CHAPTER VII

Miscellaneous

64. Levy of Port dues and other fees.—Port dues and other fees shall be levied at all the ports at the rates specified in the Schedule.

65. Penalties.—Any person contravening any of the provisions of these rules shall be punishable with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees, which may be imposed by the Port Authority, by an order.

SCHEDULE

Schedule of fees and dues chargeable under the Goa, Daman and Diu Ports Rules, 1983

1. ANNUAL LICENCE FEES

(a) Inland non-mechanised craft.

- i) Upto 2.00 tons
- ii) Above 2.00 and upto 5.00 tons
- iii) Above 5.00 and upto 10.00 tons
- iv) Above 10.00 and upto 25.00 tons
- v) Above 25.00 tons

| | |
|--------------------------|-----------|
| Per annum | Rs. 5-00 |
| Per annum | Rs. 7-00 |
| Per annum | Rs. 10-00 |
| Per annum | Rs. 15-00 |
| First 25 tons | Rs. 25-00 |
| Every additional 20 tons | Rs. 5-00 |

(b) Inland Non-mechanised passenger craft

Double the rates under 1(a) above

2. INLAND MECHANISED CRAFT

Double the rates under item No. 1

3. COASTAL OR SEA GOING NON-MECHANISED CRAFT

Double the rates under item No. 1

4. COASTAL OR SEA GOING MECHANISED CRAFT

Double the rates under item No. 2

5. BONDS, SURETIES, ETC.

Each Rs. 6-00

6. CHANGE OF TINDEL OF A CRAFT—ENDORSEMENT ON LICENCE

Each Rs. 5-00

7. CHARGES FOR USE OF PORT APPLIANCES AND PLANTS

- (1) Trays and tubs
- (2) Wire and chain slings of capacity of upto 3 tonnes
- (3) Wire and chain slings of capacity exceeding 3 tonnes
- (4) Tarpaulins
- (5) Tailor pump (subject to a minimum of Rs. 100-00)

| | |
|---------------------------------------|------------|
| Each per day or part thereof | Rs. 5-00 |
| Each per day or part thereof | Rs. 5-00 |
| Each per day or part thereof | Rs. 15-00 |
| Each per day or part thereof | Rs. 75-00 |
| 1st 3 hours | Rs. 100-00 |
| Every additional hour or part thereof | Rs. 25-00 |
| Per day or part thereof | Rs. 10-00 |

8. GANGWAY HIRE

Note: In the case of handling of bulk cargo where the Port Authority does not undertake the responsibility of the landing and shipping, the charges for truck hire and shunting shall be Rs. 0-60 paise per tonne of cargo carried within the working area of the Port.

9. WEIGHING SCALES

(Subject to a minimum of Rs. 5-00)

Per tonne or part thereof Re. 1-00

Note: (i) In addition to the charge of weighing scale an amount of Rs. 5-00 per consignment shall be levied for furnishing certificates of total weight, if required.

(ii) The charge for weighing scale shown above shall not be recovered if the Port Authority is unable to supply its own scales. The charges for certificates shall however be leviable.

(iii) The attendant labour shall be supplied by the party requisitioning the scales.

(iv) No weighing charges are leviable if weighing is done in the interest of Port Authority for the purpose of assessing Ports' Charges, provided the required weight is correctly declared.

(v) The appliances shall be let on hire subject to the condition that the Port Authority undertakes no responsibility for any loss or damage to life or property which may be directly or indirectly caused due to failure of the appliances at any stage and the hirer shall replace the appliances at his own cost and risk if they are not returned to the Port Authority in the condition in which they were given.

(vi) For hire of plants and appliances required on long term basis, separate rates may be fixed in accordance with the rules on the subject made from time to time.

(vii) If the appliances are not returned in the same condition in which they were taken, the charges for the cost of material and labour required for carrying out the repairs or replacement shall be recovered. In case of tarpaulin being torn, the rate of stitching shall be charged at the rate of Rs. 10-00 per metre of stitching.

(viii) Charges for hire of plants and appliances may not be insisted in advance when required to be used in emergency arising out of storm, heavy rains, fire or such other reasons.

10. DETENTION CHARGES FOR DELAY IN ARRIVAL OF A CRAFT

(i) Exceeding 3 hours but not exceeding 6 hours.

(a) When total Import and Export cargo is not more than 200 tons.

Rs. 60-00

(b) When total Import and Export cargo is more than 200 tons.

Rs. 90-00

(ii) Exceeding 6 hours, irrespective of tonnage of cargo to be handled.

Rs. 150-00

11. DISLOCATION OF STAFF FOR EXTRAORDINARY SERVICES

Dislocation of staff or rendering of services of any nature outside office premises by the staff of the Department at the request of a party:

(i) Flotilla staff, for every 6 hours or part thereof

Each

Rs. 15-00

(ii) Staff other than flotilla staff

Each

Rs. 20-00

(iii) Officers

Each

Rs. 25-00

On Sundays and Holidays or between sunset and sunrise double the above rates.

12. DIVER'S CHARGES (For Port Divers)

(i) For one shift of three hours or part thereof with the following staff and diving gear on working days.

One diver, one first lineman, one second lineman and a pump man

Rs. 1000-00

(ii) One idle day (additional)

Per day

Rs. 150-00

(iii) On Sundays and Holidays

Per day

Double the charges under (i) or (ii)

13. DUPLICATE COPY OF ANY DOCUMENT, WHERE NO FEES ARE PRESCRIBED

Each

Rs. 5-00

14. HIRE CHARGES
HIRE OF CRANES

Of lifting capacity of upto 3 tons (this rate is subject to a minimum of Rs. 15-00 for power driven craft or their cargoes and Rs. 12-00 for sailing vessels or their cargoes).

Per hour or part thereof

Rs. 5-00

Of lifting capacity of more than 3 and upto 5 tons (subject to a minimum of Rs. 21-00)

Per hour or part thereof

Rs. 7-00

Of lifting capacity of more than 5 and upto 10 tons (subject to a minimum of Rs. 30-00)

Per hour or part thereof Rs. 10-00

Of lifting capacity of more than 10 tons (subject to a minimum of Rs. 60-00)

Per hour or part thereof Rs. 20-00

Hand operated crane with labour (subject to a minimum of Rs. 12-00)

Per hour or part thereof Rs. 4-00

Hand operated crane without labour (subject to a minimum of Rs. 9-00)

Per hour or part thereof Rs. 3-00

Note: (i) Charges for the use of derricks of a dredger for lifting masts of sailing vessels, etc. shall be levied at the rates prescribed above for crane charges. These services will be rendered at the discretion of the Port Authority.

(ii) If the notice withdrawing the requisition in respect of a crane is not given to the Port Authority at least three hours before the time stated in the application for requisition, half of the minimum charges prescribed shall be levied, if the requisition is not availed of.

(iii) When the crane of lower capacity is requisitioned but is not provided resulting in utilization of higher capacity crane, charges for the power capacity of crane requisitioned shall be charged.

15. HIRE OF PORT CRAFT

(1) Barges or lighters

Per tonne of carrying capacity per day or part thereof Rs. 5-00

(2) Power driven craft (excluding dredgers and L.C.T.s) upto 75 B.H.P.

Per hour or part thereof Rs. 80-00

Over 75 and upto 99 B.H.P.

Per hour or part thereof Rs. 100-00

Over 99 and upto 199 B.H.P.

Per hour or part thereof Rs. 120-00

Over 199 and upto 349 B.H.P.

Per hour or part thereof Rs. 140-00

Over 349 and upto 399 B.H.P.

Per hour or part thereof Rs. 150-00

Over 399 and upto 499 B.H.P.

Per hour or part thereof Rs. 160-00

Over 499 and upto 699 B.H.P.

Per hour or part thereof Rs. 170-00

Over 699 and upto 999 B.H.P.

Per hour or part thereof Rs. 180-00

Over 999 B.H.P.

Per hour or part thereof Rs. 190-00

(3) L.C.T.s (Landing craft)

Per day or part thereof Rs. 1500-00

Note: When the craft of the particulars mentioned in Sl. Nos. (1) and (2) are hired for shipment of bauxite for export to a foreign country the rates of hire charges mentioned against them in column 4 shall be reduced by ten per cent.

(4) (a) Power driven passenger craft of the capacity of upto 16 passengers

Per hour Rs. 100-00

Power driven passenger craft of the capacity of upto 25 passengers

Per hour Rs. 120-00

Power driven passenger craft of the capacity of upto 150 passengers

Per hour Rs. 125-00

Ferry Boat

Per hour Rs. 125-00

(b) Transportation of passengers or visitors excluding labour charges for handling baggage from ship to shore or vice versa:—

(i) In the Port launch

Per passenger or visitor Rs. 5-00

(ii) In dumb vessel towed by Port vessel-towage charges (subject to minimum of half the capacity of passengers the craft or boat to be towed is licensed to carry)

Per passenger or visitor Rs. 2-50

Note: (i) The rates shall be 50% for passengers or visitors of upto 12 years of age, and infants below 3 years of age shall not be charged.

(ii) The right to refuse to let on hire port craft is reserved with the Port Authority.

(iii) Where a craft is required to be taken outside the Port limits, the hirer shall insure the same to the extent of value determined by the Port Authority against loss or damage or shall agree in writing to indemnify the Port Authority against any loss or damage that may be incurred during the period of hire.

(iv) The period of hire shall be counted from the time the craft leaves its mooring to the time it returns to the mooring.

(v) In the event of any Port craft taken on hire being required by the Port Authority, the craft may be recalled as far as possible, without causing any inconvenience to the hirer. The period during which the craft was so recalled, shall be deducted from the period of hire and the period of hire shall otherwise be deemed to be continuous.

(vi) In the case of launches, the hirer shall not carry passengers exceeding the authorised capacity of the launch hired. Similarly, for barges and other craft the loading shall not exceed the authorised capacity.

16. TUGS AND LAUNCH SERVICE

| | | |
|---|-------------------------|------------|
| (i) For berthing or unberthing of a ship in or out of the Port of Panaji | Each ship | Rs. 225-00 |
| (ii) — do — at other Ports | Each ship | Rs. 125-00 |
| (iii) For towage by tug or launch of: | | |
| a) Vessels not under steam from one part of a Port to another within the Port | Each ship | Rs. 250-00 |
| b) Sailing craft or barge for the first kilometre or part thereof | Each | Rs. 50-00 |
| For each additional kilometre or part thereof | Each | Rs. 25-00 |
| (If more than one sailing craft or barge are towed by the same tug or launch at the same time the charges for every subsequent kilometre would be Rs. 15-00 per craft or barge, per kilometre or part thereof). | | |
| (c) For attendance of a tug or craft in stream if such attendance is considered necessary by the Port Authority. | Per day or part thereof | Rs. 75-00 |

17. INSPECTION OF CRAFT

| | | |
|---|------|-----------|
| (i) Non-mechanised craft of upto 10 tons | Each | Rs. 1-00 |
| (ii) Non-mechanised craft of above 10 tons | Each | Rs. 10-00 |
| (iii) Non-mechanised craft of above 15 tons | Each | Rs. 15-00 |
| (iv) Non-mechanised craft of above 25 tons | Each | Rs. 20-00 |
| (v) Mechanised craft | Each | Rs. 60-00 |
| (vi) Non-mechanised passenger craft | Each | Rs. 10-00 |

18. ISSUE OF LICENCES FOR WHICH NO OTHER FEES HAVE BEEN PRESCRIBED

| | |
|------|-----------|
| Each | Rs. 10-00 |
|------|-----------|

19. MEASUREMENT OF CRAFT

| | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|-----------|
| (i) Upto 0.25 tons | Each | Rs. 5-00 |
| (ii) Above 0.25 and upto 2.00 tons | Each | Rs. 10-00 |
| (iii) Above 2.00 and upto 5.00 tons | Each | Rs. 15-00 |
| (iv) Above 5.00 and upto 10.00 tons | Each | Rs. 20-00 |
| (v) Above 10.00 and upto 25.00 tons | Each | Rs. 25-00 |
| (vi) Above 25.00 and upto 50.00 tons | Each | Rs. 30-00 |
| (vii) Above 50.00 and upto 100.00 tons | Each | Rs. 45-00 |
| (viii) Above 100.00 and upto 500.00 tons | Each | Rs. 60-00 |
| (ix) Above 500.00 tons | First 500 tons | Rs. 70-00 |
| | Every 100 tons exceeding 500 tons | Rs. 7-00 |

20. MOORINGS

| | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|
| (1) Mechanised craft of: | | |
| Upto 50 tons | Per day or part thereof | Rs. 5-00 |
| Above 50 and upto 100 tons | Per day or part thereof | Rs. 7-00 |
| Above 100 and upto 500 tons | Per day or part thereof | Rs. 10-00 |
| Above 500 and upto 1000 tons | Per day or part thereof | Rs. 15-00 |
| Above 1000 and upto 2000 tons | Per day or part thereof | Rs. 25-00 |
| Above 2000 and upto 5000 tons | Per day or part thereof | Rs. 40-00 |
| Above 5000 tons | Per day or part thereof | Rs. 50-00 |
| (2) Other Craft | | |
| Half of fees specified in (1) above | | |

21. OCCUPATION OF

| | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|-----------|
| (1) Godowns | | |
| Quarter of a year or part thereof exceeding a month | 10 sq. mts. or part thereof per day | Rs. 8-00 |
| Half year or part thereof exceeding a quarter | 10 sq. mts. or part thereof per day | Rs. 22-75 |
| One year or part thereof exceeding half year | 10 sq. mts. or part thereof per day | Rs. 44-50 |
| (2) Sheds | | |
| Month or part thereof | 10 sq. mts. or part thereof per day | Rs. 4-00 |
| Quarter of a year or part thereof exceeding a month | 10 sq. mts. or part thereof per day | Rs. 11-50 |
| Half year or part thereof exceeding a quarter | 10 sq. mts. or part thereof per day | Rs. 22-25 |
| One year or part thereof exceeding half year. | 10 sq. mts. or part thereof per day | Rs. 43-25 |
| (3) Platforms | | |
| Month or part thereof | 10 sq. mts. or part thereof per day | Rs. 3-00 |
| Quarter of a year or part thereof exceeding a month | 10 sq. mts. or part thereof per day | Rs. 8-50 |

Half year or part thereof exceeding a quarter
Year or part thereof exceeding half year

10 sq. mts. or part thereof per day Rs. 16-50
10 sq. mts. or part thereof per day Rs. 32-00

(4) Open plots

A—10 square metres or part thereof

Per month or part thereof Rs. 10-00

i) Godowns

Per month or part thereof Rs. 32-00

ii) Sheds

Per month or part thereof Rs. 16-00

iii) Platforms

Per month or part thereof Rs. 12-00

iv) Open plots

Per month or part thereof Rs. 10-00

B—If the open plots are used for storage of timber or roof tiles, 75% of the rates mentioned above shall be charged.

C—Fees for open plots used for storage of fish or for erecting temporary huts by fishermen shall in lieu of the rates mentioned above for open plots, be charged at the following rates, namely:—

i) For storage of fish, Rs. 10.00 for every 10 sq. metres or part thereof, per month or part thereof.

ii) For erecting temporary huts, Rs. 12.00 for every 10 sq. metres or part thereof, per month or part thereof.

D—(i) Fees for timber laid upon hard or along side basin after the free period shall be charged at the rate of Rs. 20.00 per 100 sq. metres or part thereof per month without renewal fees over and above the usual fees on landing and shipping.

(ii) With prior permission of the Port Authority, timber may be rafted into a basin and will be charged fees as mentioned in sub-paragraph (i) above.

E—If the godowns, sheds, platforms or open plots belonging to the Port Authority allowed to be occupied are required by the Government for any purpose, the Port Authority shall have the right to take possession of the space by giving fifteen days notice to the occupants. In such case, proportionate reduction of fees shall be allowed by the Port Authority.

F—The occupation of covered, semi-covered and open space under this section shall be subject to the conditions imposed by the Port Authority, under the rules.

22. OTHER SERVICE

Issue of a certificate or amendment

Per certificate Rs. 10-00

23. OVERTIME FEES FOR OVERTIME WORK

A—Steamers

(i) Sundays and Holidays (08.00 hours to 12.00 hours and 13.00 hours to 17.00 hours) at berth or in stream

Per steamer Rs. 50-00

(ii) Whole night (18.00 hours to 22.00 hours and 23.00 hours to 03.00 hours) at berth or in stream

Per steamer Rs. 50-00

(iii) Outside working hours at the port i.e. recess hours which are 03.00 to 08.00; 12.00 to 13.00; 17.00 to 18.00 and 22.00 to 23.00

For hour or part thereof Rs. 10-00

B—SAILING VESSELS

(i) Sundays and holidays or night working or part thereof

Per craft Rs. 3-00

(ii) Recess hours

Per craft Rs. 1-00

Note: (1) Application for permission to work at night or on Sunday or holiday must reach the Port office by 16.00 hours of the previous working day or the same day, as the case may be. Applicants applying after 16.00 hours and before the closure of the office shall be required to pay an additional fee of Rs. 5.00/-.

(2) Any person applying outside office hours on a working day or on a Sunday or a holiday for permission to work on a Sunday or a holiday or during the night shall be required to pay an additional fee of Rs. 7.50 per application.

(3) If landing or shipment is effected on a Sunday night or a holiday, the charges therefor shall be levied at the rates prescribed for working at night on a working day.

(4) An application for cancellation of the permission granted to work overtime at night or on a Sunday or a holiday shall be made before 17.00 hours on the immediately preceding working day, failing which full overtime fees as prescribed above shall be recovered.

(5) Fifty percent of the charges mentioned above shall be levied for overtime work for half night or part thereof i.e. from 18.00 hours to 22.00 hours or from 23.00 hours to 03.00 hours.

24. PASSENGERS EMBARKING

| | | |
|---|------------|----------|
| (a) Adult passengers embarking on a craft | Each | Rs. 0-10 |
| (b) Persons entering the Port premises at the time of and during one hour before and after the arrival or departure of a passenger craft. | Per person | Rs. 0-25 |

Note: No embarkation or disembarkation fee shall be levied on a passenger travelling within a Port.

25. PORT EMPLOYMENT LICENCE

| | |
|---|-----------|
| (1) Issue of Port Employment Licence | Rs. 10-00 |
| (2) Issue of Duplicate of Port Employment Licence | Rs. 5-00 |

26. PORT DUES

| | | |
|--|-------------------|----------|
| (1) For a mechanized craft entering the Port | Per ton for entry | Rs. 1-00 |
| (2) For a non mechanized craft entering the Port | Per ton for entry | Rs. 0-25 |
| (3) Konkan passenger steamers | Per ton for entry | Rs. 0-50 |

27. QUAY DUES ON CRAFT

| | | |
|--|--|------------|
| (1) On sailing vessels and non mechanized craft: | | |
| Upto 10.00 tons | | Rs. 2-00 |
| Above 10.00 and upto 50.00 tons | | Rs. 5-00 |
| Above 50.00 and upto 100.00 tons | | Rs. 10-00 |
| Above 100.00 tons | | Rs. 15-00 |
| (2) On mechanized craft: | | |
| Upto 10.00 tons | | Rs. 3-00 |
| Above 10.00 and upto 50.00 tons | | Rs. 7-00 |
| Above 50.00 and upto 100.00 tons | | Rs. 16-00 |
| Above 100.00 and upto 500.00 tons | | Rs. 20-00 |
| Above 500.00 and upto 1000.00 tons | | Rs. 30-00 |
| Above 1000 and upto 2000.00 tons | | Rs. 50-00 |
| Above 2000.00 tons and upto 5000.00 tons | | Rs. 80-00 |
| Above 5000.00 tons | | Rs. 100-00 |

28. ON GOODS, ANIMALS, ETC.

Animals

| | | |
|--------------------------------|------|----------|
| (i) Cubs, goats and sheep only | Each | Rs. 1-00 |
| (ii) Other animals | Each | Rs. 5-00 |

Animal Food Fodder:

| | | |
|---|-------|----------|
| (i) Hay | Tonne | Rs. 2-00 |
| (ii) Oil cakes and deoiled extractions | Tonne | Rs. 4-00 |
| (iii) Brans, flakes of grains, doddress husks, oats | Tonne | Rs. 3-00 |
| (iv) Miscellaneous | Tonne | Rs. 3-00 |
| Ballast of all kinds, ashes and rubbish of Bones and bonemeals including hides, horse skins | Tonne | Rs. 1-00 |
| | Tonne | Rs. 5-60 |

29. BUILDING MATERIAL

| | | |
|------------------------------------|-------|-----------|
| (i) Bricks for building purpose | Tonne | Rs. 5-00 |
| (ii) Cement | Tonne | Rs. 10-00 |
| (iii) Clinker | Tonne | Rs. 10-05 |
| (iv) Fire bricks | Tonne | Rs. 10-50 |
| (v) Floor tiles of cement or stone | Tonne | Rs. 10-00 |
| (vi) Lime | Tonne | Rs. 10-05 |
| (vii) Stones | Tonne | Rs. 10-00 |
| (viii) Roof tiles for every 1000 | 1000 | Rs. 10-60 |

30. CHEMICALS

| | | |
|--|-------|-----------|
| (i) Caustic Soda | Tonne | Rs. 15-00 |
| (ii) Chemical Salts | Tonne | Rs. 10-00 |
| (iii) Fumigants and Insecticides | Tonne | Rs. 25-00 |
| (iv) Inorganic acids | Tonne | Rs. 30-00 |
| (v) Soda ash | Tonne | Rs. 10-00 |
| (vi) Sulphur | Tonne | Rs. 15-00 |
| (vii) All others, other than medicines and drugs | Tonne | Rs. 30-00 |

31. COIR AND JUTE

| | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------|-----------|
| (i) Yarn and ropes | Tonne | Rs. 15-00 |
| (ii) Other products including gunnies | Tonne | Rs. 15-00 |

32. COTTON

| | | |
|--|------|-----------|
| (i) Raw, Indian | Bale | Rs. 2-00 |
| (ii) Raw, Foreign requiring fumigation | Bale | Rs. 10-00 |

| | | |
|--|---------|------------|
| (iii) Miscellaneous | Bale | Rs. 3-00 |
| (iv) Waste and fly | Tonne | Rs. 10-75 |
| 33. DATES | Tonne | Rs. 10-00 |
| 34. FERTILISERS | Tonne | Rs. 5-00 |
| 35. FISH | | |
| (i) Dry fish | Tonne | Rs. 25-00 |
| (ii) Fresh fish | Tonne | Rs. 20-00 |
| 36. FRUITS | | |
| (i) Fresh fruits | Tonne | Rs. 10-00 |
| (ii) Dry fruits | Tonne | Rs. 25-00 |
| 37. FURNITURE | | |
| (i) Steel furniture | Tonne | Rs. 50-00 |
| (ii) Wooden furniture | Tonne | Rs. 40-00 |
| 38. GROCERIES, ETC. | | |
| (i) Betel nuts | 50 kgs. | Rs. 1-00 |
| (ii) Castor oil | 50 kgs. | Rs. 1-00 |
| (iii) Chillies | 50 kgs. | Rs. 1-00 |
| (iv) Coconuts | Tonne | Rs. 110-00 |
| (v) Copra | Tonne | Rs. 15-00 |
| (vi) Garlic, dry | 50 kgs. | Rs. 1-00 |
| (vii) Ghee | 50 kgs. | Rs. 1-00 |
| (viii) Jaggery | Tonne | Rs. 10-00 |
| (ix) Soaps, toilet and others | 50 kgs. | Rs. 1-00 |
| (x) Sugar and candy | Tonne | Rs. 10-00 |
| (xi) Spices and condiments | 50 kgs. | Rs. 1-00 |
| (xii) Tea | 50 kgs. | Rs. 1-00 |
| (xiii) Vegetable and edible oils, other than (bulk castor oil) | Tonne | Rs. 10-00 |
| (xiv) Vegetable Hydrogenated and edible oils, other than castor oil (packed) | Tonne | Rs. 15-00 |
| 39. IRON AND STEEL AND OTHER METALS | | |
| (i) Implements and hardware | Tonne | Rs. 10-00 |
| (ii) Keys, nails, rivets and screws | Tonne | Rs. 10-00 |
| (iii) Scraps | Tonne | Rs. 15-00 |
| (iv) In plates | Tonne | Rs. 15-00 |
| (v) Empty drums and barrels | Each | Rs. 1-00 |
| (vi) Empty tins | Each | Rs. 0-10 |
| (vii) All others | Tonne | Rs. 10-00 |
| 40. MACHINERY AND PARTS INCLUDING BELTING | Tonne | Rs. 50-00 |
| 41. MINERALS | | |
| (i) Bauxite, Iron ore, Manganese Ore | Tonne | Rs. 5-00 |
| (ii) Calcinated Bauxite in bulk or bags | Tonne | Rs. 6-00 |
| (iii) Clay-China and others | Tonne | Rs. 10-00 |
| (iv) Coal and coke | Tonne | Rs. 15-00 |
| (v) Gypsum | Tonne | Rs. 5-00 |
| (vi) Lime stone | Tonne | Rs. 5-00 |
| (vii) Rock Phosphate | Tonne | Rs. 5-00 |
| (viii) Sand or ballast | Tonne | Rs. 2-00 |
| 42. PETROLEUM PRODUCTS | | |
| (i) Asphalt, Bitumen, Coal tar | Tonne | Rs. 15-00 |
| (ii) Fuel oil including furnace oil and light diesel oil, in bulk | Tonne | Rs. 15-00 |
| (iii) Fuel oil including furnace oil and light diesel oil, packed | Tonne | Rs. 15-00 |
| (iv) Kerosene (in bulk) | Tonne | Rs. 10-00 |
| (v) Kerosene (Packed) | Tonne | Rs. 10-00 |
| (vi) Petrol and High Speed Diesel oil (in bulk) | Tonne | Rs. 10-00 |
| (vii) Petrol and High Speed Diesel oil (Packed) | Tonne | Rs. 20-00 |
| (viii) Lubricating oils | Tonne | Rs. 25-00 |
| 43. SALT, IN BULK OR BAGS | Tonne | Rs. 2-00 |
| 44. SEEDS | | |
| (i) Castor seeds | Tonne | Rs. 5-00 |
| (ii) Cotton seeds | Tonne | Rs. 5-50 |
| (iii) Groundnut seeds | Tonne | Rs. 5-50 |
| (iv) All others | Tonne | Rs. 5-00 |
| 45. TEXTILES INCLUDING FELTS | | |
| (i) Cotton | 50 kgs. | Rs. 1-00 |
| (ii) Woolen | 50 kgs. | Rs. 3-00 |
| (iii) Others | 50 kgs. | Rs. 2-00 |

46. TOBACCO AND ALLIED PRODUCTS

| | | |
|----------------------------|---------|----------|
| (i) Beedi leaves | 50 kgs. | Rs. 1-80 |
| (ii) Cigars and Cigarettes | 50 kgs. | Rs. 8-00 |
| (iii) Tobacco | 50 kgs. | Rs. 2-00 |

47. VEHICLES

| | | |
|---------------------------------|------|-----------|
| (i) Cycles (all types) | Each | Rs. 10-20 |
| (ii) Scooters and motor cycles | Each | Rs. 10-00 |
| (iii) Truck and cars | Each | Rs. 30-00 |
| (iv) Others, including tractors | Each | Rs. 50-00 |

48. WARES

| | | |
|--|---------|----------|
| (i) China, porcelain and glass | 50 kgs. | Rs. 1-00 |
| (ii) Cutlery and metals including electroplate | 50 kgs. | Rs. 1-00 |

49. WOOD AND TIMBER

| | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------|-----------|
| (i) Bobbin, plywood and other boards | Tonne | Rs. 20-00 |
| (ii) Firewood | Tonne | Rs. 5-00 |
| (iii) Logs, squares and sleepers | Tonne | Rs. 10-00 |
| (iv) Planks and scantlings | Tonne | Rs. 10-00 |
| (v) Wood Pulp | Tonne | Rs. 15-00 |

50. WOOL

| | | |
|----------------|-------|----------|
| (i) Goat, hair | Bale | Rs. 3-00 |
| (ii) Raw | Bale | Rs. 2-00 |
| (iii) Waster | Tonne | Rs. 5-00 |

51. UNENUMERATED GOODS NOT OTHERWISE RATED

| | | |
|---|------------------------------|-----------|
| (i) All cargoes in bulk | Tonne or part thereof | Rs. 10-00 |
| (ii) All cargoes including those packed in bags, cases, cartons, crates, bales, bundles, barrels, drums, kegs, tins, etc. | Tonne or part thereof | Rs. 15-00 |
| (iii) Personal luggage of passengers or crew | Per 100 kgs. or part thereof | Rs. 1-25 |

1) Packages exceeding one tonne in weight could be considered as "heavy lifts". Weight of such packages would be calculated either on dead weight or measurement basis whichever is higher. Such cargo on landing or shipping shall be charged actual fees at the rates mentioned above and in addition shall be charged as under, where such weight:

| | | |
|--|-------|----------|
| (i) Exceeds one tonne but does not exceed 3 tons | Tonne | Rs. 1-25 |
| (ii) Exceeds 3 tons but does not exceed 5 tons | Tonne | Rs. 2-50 |
| (iii) Exceeds 5 tons but does not exceed 10 tons | Tonne | Rs. 3-75 |
| (iv) Exceeds 10 tons | Tonne | Rs. 5-00 |

2) The wharfage charges in case of coal and coke are for direct discharge into trucks for delivery. If this is not possible an additional charge equal to the cost of labour and engine hire or truck hire shall be payable to the Port Authority for transporting coal and coke to the dumping area.

3) (i) In case of edible oil to be shipped in bulk from a landing place it may be discharged into the craft lying alongside the berth or it may be discharged into the bank barges or the tanks put on vessels. All operations on the shore and near the ship inclusive of decanting and pumping wherever necessary, are to be done by the shippers. Under these conditions fees for shipping oil in bulk shall be Rs. 4-00 per tonne.

(ii) No landing fee shall be charged on return of (a) Empty barrels, and (b) Empty storage tanks provided by the shippers on the lighters.

(iii) The empty barrels returned to shore shall be handled by the Port Authority as in the case of normal landing and the cost of labour shall be recoverable.

(iv) The shippers shall have to handle, at their own cost and risk the empty storage tanks returned to shore.

(v) The fees on goods either landed at or shipped from private jetties or wharves shall be reduced by Rs. 0.25 P. for every tonne.

4) For through booked luggage and parcels of any description over all passenger services the fees on landing and shipping shall be Rs. 0-20 P. per 25 Kgs. or part thereof.

5) The fees for landing or shipping of goods in case of distressed vessels e.g. steamers and sailing vessels.

- (a) Initial landing (Shipping)
- (b) Unloading (landing) on return due to distress
- (c) Reloading (Shipping)

Full fees
50% of the fees.
50% of the fees.

- 6) In case of a sailing vessel which has not touched at the landing place or has not shipped any goods from the landing place and has due to distress, to land her goods taken at any other landing place in the Union territory of Goa, Daman and Diu or elsewhere 75% of the fees on landing and shipping of goods for unloading (landing) and reloading (Shipping) shall be recovered.
- 7) The Port Authority may handle and take charge of all the items landed from or shipped into the craft, working either in stream or alongside the berths at the Ports in so far as import of coal by steamers is concerned. In case of such goods being landed or shipped in stream and conveyed in Port by barges or lighters, etc. and towed by Port tugs extra lighterage charges shall be levied as prescribed from time to time in addition to the fees on landing and shipping of goods specified.
- 8) The consignees in case of landing and consigners in case of shipping shall have to make their own arrangements for landing or shipping of the items even if the lighterage service is rendered. The Port Authority does not assume custody of these goods and such goods should be stacked only at the places indicated by the Port Authority.
- 9) If the Port Authority is required to handle any items, the actual handling charges incurred by the Port Authority shall be levied in addition to the fees on goods to be landed or shipped as shown above. The responsibility of Port Authority in such cases shall be supplying labour alone, even if lighterage service is rendered. The craneage charges and charges for transporting goods from ship to shore or vice versa, if incurred, shall be paid extra as per the prescribed rates.
- 10) All transshipment or re-shipment of goods shall be dealt with as ordinary landing and shipping of goods and shall be subject to levy of fees on landing or shipping each time, in addition to lighterage or transport charges, if lighterage or transport is availed of.
- 11) On the same bottom goods and on overcarried or overstowed goods landed from or re-shipped into the same vessel, only fees on landing shall be charged, besides the actual charges for labour, lighterage, transport, etc. is availed of. The Master, owner or agent of the vessel shall be permitted to make his own arrangements to land and re-ship such goods.
- 12) In case of landing of goods wherein the consignees are allowed to take delivery of the goods directly alongside the vessels into trucks or any other conveyance arranged by them and in case of shipping of goods wherein the consignees are allowed to convey the goods alongside the vessel for shipment from trucks or any other conveyance, arranged by them, the rates prescribed above plus the actual charges for unslinging or slinging such goods fixed by the Port Authority shall apply. In such cases, the Port Authority shall not assume custody of the goods.
- 13) The fees on landing and shipping shall be levied on a minimum of 50 kgs. In case of cargo manifested in bulk, landing and shipping fees shall be levied in addition to lighterage or transportation charges on the manifested tonnage of the vessel's cargo, if consigned from or to a different Port without insisting on any other shipping document or invoices. In all other cases, landing or shipping fees shall be assessed on the gross weight of goods as shown in invoices or as ascertained by actual weighing by the Port Authority at the time of landing or shipping or any subsequent date.
- 14) Fees on landing and shipping of packages containing assorted or sundry goods shall be levied according to the most remunerative classification applicable to any item of the contents.
- 15) On bonafide ships' stores, furniture, tools and materials for use on the particular ship, landed or shipped for which documentation under Customs Act, 1962 is necessary, two thirds of the fees on landing or shipping shown above shall be levied.
- 16) Fees on landing and shipping of goods shall be levied in the following cases as mentioned against each:
 - (a) Goods brought in transit and returned un-shipped or short shipped
 - (b) Goods shipped from one landing place and landed at another in the same Port
- 17) No fees on landing and shipping of goods shall be levied in the following specific cases:—
 - (i) Goods consigned to or by the Port Authority.
 - (ii) Fodder accompanying live stock and not manifested as cargo.
 - (iii) Postal articles.

Fees at the above rates treating the return of goods as landing in addition to original shipment.

Fees at half the prescribed rate for use of each landing.

- (iv) Ships sweeping provided that the entire cargo is landed at the landing place and satisfactory proof is produced to the effect that the sweeping forms part of the consignment for which fees for landing and shipping have been paid.
- (v) Sweeping collected from the jetties, wharves, sheds, etc.
- (vi) Survey rejections.
- (vii) Cargo not manifested for transshipment but merely transferred from one hatch to another of the same vessel.

B. DEMURRAGE FEES ON GOODS LANDED

- (1) All goods shall be allowed free storage for 5 days hereinafter referred to as "free days" commencing on the last date of arrival of the goods into the Port's transit area.

In computing the number of free days, the following shall be excluded:—

- (i) Public Holidays or non-working days, if they fall on the last free days.
 - (ii) Any period during which goods are detained by the Customs Department for special examination or testing under the Customs Act, 1962 other than the period taken in ordinary process of appraisement, in respect of which the Collector of Customs certified that the detention was not attributable to any fault or negligence on the part of the importer, plus one working day and also any period during which the Port Authority is unable to deliver the goods.
 - (iii) Any period (commencing on the date of the receipt of the enquiry for the package in the Port Office and ending on the date of its being pointed out by the Port Staff) during which the Port Authority is unable to deliver the goods.
 - (iv) In case of goods shown to be in excess in the out-turn report of the craft, the period upto and inclusive of the date of receipt of the notice of excess cargo that has been given by the Port Authority to the Steamer agents or date of the out-turn report sent to the agents of the Steamship Company concerned, whichever is earlier.
- (2) After the expiry of free days, demurrage fees shall be levied at the following rates upon all goods lying at the Port transit until their delivery is effected.

PERIOD

(a) Upto first 20 days

(b) After the expiry of 20 days

Rates

5% of the landing or shipping fees per day including public holidays or non-working days chargeable as per rates prescribed.

10% of the landing or shipping fees per day including public holidays or non-working days chargeable as per rates prescribed.

- (3) If at any time, after the expiry of free period, the Port Authority apprehends congestion in the Port transit to the detriment of rapid transit of goods, through the Port, it may direct the owner of any specified goods or his representatives to remove such goods to any other godown, shed or open space, within the Port premises within a specified period. If the goods are not removed within that period, the Port Authority may cause them to be removed at the risk and cost of the owner. The charges for such removal shall be the actual labour charges incurred by the Port Authority plus the actual charges of trucks, etc., if any.
- (4) After the expiry of free period, the goods shall remain solely at the risk and cost of the owner(s). If the goods are not removed within the period of one month from the expiry of free period or in the case of perishable goods within such shorter period as it deems fit, being not less than 24 hours after the landing of goods, the Port Authority may deal with such goods as it thinks fit.
- (5) In cases, where any consignment or part thereof is landed from a craft, unmarked or in the opinion of the Port Authority so insufficiently marked as to prevent the delivery of the whole consignment according to the bill of lading or any other such document, it shall have the whole of such consignment sorted according to sizes as far as possible and shall charge the Master, Owner or Agent of the Vessel, the cost of such sorting at the rate of Rs. 3.00 per tonne. The free days in such cases shall be counted so as to commence on the date on which the Port Authority notifies that such consignment is sorted and ready for delivery.
- (6) After the expiry of free days no allowance shall be made for public holidays or non-working days.

C. DEMURRAGE FEES ON GOODS TO BE SHIPPED

- (1) If space in transit area is available, the Port Authority may give permission to bring the goods into the premises. All the goods so brought shall be allowed free storage for 5 days,

excluding public holidays or non-working days if they fall on the last day immediately preceding the date of commencement of shipment of the goods in the craft.

- (2) After the expiry of free days, demurrage fees shall be levied on the goods lying in the Port premises, at the rates shown under B (2) above.
- (3) If at any time, the Port Authority, in its own discretion apprehends congestion in Port transit to the detriment of the rapid transit of goods through the Port, it may cause the goods to be removed, after the free period, to any space within the Port premises at the risk and cost of the owner(s). The charges incurred by the Port Authority, if any, plus the actual charges of truck and other vehicles, if any, shall be borne by the consignee.
- (4) On goods shut out from shipment, no free days shall be allowed on goods brought into Port transit and not shipped. Such goods shall be charged demurrage in addition to shipping fees.
- (5) Goods meant for shipment by one craft and subsequently shipped by other craft shall be allowed free storage for a period commencing from the date of first arrival of goods into Port transit till the date immediately preceding the date of commencement of shipment of goods in the last craft provided that such total period does not exceed 14 days excluding public holidays and non-working days, if they fall on the last free day.
- (6) If the craft for which goods are brought into Port transit is cancelled, no free period of 5 days shall be allowed from the date of its arrival in Port transit.

D. OVERTIME FEES

- (1) The following fees shall be levied to consignees or consignors of goods for working out of office hours on working days and on public holidays and non-working days.

- (i) Fees for opening office for receiving payment of dues and transacting other business.

- (a) In respect of steamer/barges
- (b) In respect of sailing vessels

| | |
|-----------------|----------|
| For application | Rs. 7-50 |
| For application | Rs. 3-00 |

Note: No overtime allowance shall be payable when plant or appliances are required to be used in an emergency arising out of storm, heavy rains, fire or such reason.

- (2) Clearance from or bringing in of goods in transit: —

- (i) In respect of steamers (subject to a minimum of Rs. 7-50)
- (ii) In respect of sailing vessels (subject to a minimum of Rs. 2-00)
- (iii) For causing inspection of goods in transit godown, transit shed or other transit area after Port's working hours

| | |
|--------------------|----------|
| Per hour per party | Rs. 5-00 |
| Per hour per party | Rs. 1-00 |
| Per party | Rs. 5-00 |

Note: (a) Out of Office hours in item No. 1 above, means the hours other than the normal working hours for cash transactions as notified as each Port, while for item No. 2 out of normal traffic working hours during working days.

(b) Bringing in or clearance of cargo in transit during recess hours from 12.00 to 13.00 hours shall not be charged overtime fees, if such traffic is continued or started at the commencement of the recess hours.

52. SALVAGE OF GOODS WITHIN THE PORT LIMITS

- (i) On goods of the value of less than Rs. 20,000-00
- (ii) On goods of the value of not less than Rs. 20,000-00 and not more than Rs. 50,000-00
- (iii) On goods of the value of more than Rs. 50,000-00

15% *ad-valorem* plus the authorised hire charges for any plant used.

12% *ad-valorem* plus the authorised hire charges for any plant used.

10% *ad-valorem* plus the authorised hire charges for any special plant used.

Note: (i) In case of goods liable to damage by water, the fees salvage shall be recovered on the sale value or on the Customs valuation, as the case may be.

(ii) The salvage fees shall be exclusive of wharfage charges leviable under the rules for the time being in force.

(iii) Any other special services rendered in connection with the salvage shall also be paid for; by the party in addition to the usual salvage charges.

(iv) Double the charges prescribed above shall be recovered if the salvage operations are to be undertaken when risk of life of any person engaged in such operation is involved.

53. SLIPWAY DRY DOCK BOAT BUILDING YARD—R. C. C. GRILL-BEACHING AND DETENTION CHARGES

Slipway charges

Dry dock charges

Beaching chargees (hard dues)

First day or part thereof Rs. 150-00

For each subsequent day or part thereof Rs. 75-00

For each subsequent day or part thereof Rs. 150-00

Note: Beaching charges shall be levied on craft lying idle within the dock but not at the moorings, wharves or jetties for which charges are prescribed separately.

Beaching charges

Once in 30 days or part thereof Rs. 0-10 per ton

Note: Full beaching charges shall be levied even in cases of craft in distress.

Supply of certified copy of any Port public document only

First Page

Rs. 10-00

Supply of Forms, unless specified otherwise

Each

Rs. 0-25

54. TONNAGE DUES

(i) Sea going craft (mechanized or non-mechanized)

Per ton for 30 days or part thereof Rs. 0-25

(ii) Mechanized passenger craft

Per ton for 30 days or part thereof Rs. 0-15

55. WHARFAGE

(i) Country craft or sailing vessels upto 100 tons Minimum payable Rs. 5-00

Per day, per ton or part thereof Rs. 0-15

(ii) Country craft or sailing vessels above 100 tons. Minimum payable Rs. 10-00

Per day, per ton or part thereof Rs. 0-15

(iii) Mechanized craft double the rates at (i) or (ii) above

FORM No. 1

[See rule 15(2)]

(Application for issue of Licence)

The Port Authority,

Dear Sir,

I/We ... of ... being the owner(s) of the craft described below, hereby request that a licence may be issued for the said craft at the Port of ...

Particulars of the craft

1. Owner's full name and correct address ...
2. Full name of Tindal, his correct address and particulars of his certificate, if any ...
3. Official No. and Port of Registry ...
4. Gross tons ...
5. When built ...
6. No. of crew ...
7. Nature and area of employment of the craft ...
8. a) Length ... mts., b) Breadth ... mts., c) Depth ... mts.
9. Equipment on board ...
10. Passengers Capacity: Fair season ... Foul season ...
11. Cargo Capacity: Fair season ... Foul season ...

Yours faithfully,

(Owners)

FORM No. II

[See rule 15(3)]

Licence

No. ... Sl. No. ...

Name of craft ...

O. No. ...

Gross tons ...

No. of crew ...

Tindal ...

P. E. Licence No. ...

Capacity:

Fair Season ...

(i) Cargo:

Foul Season ...

(ii) Passengers:

Fair Season ...

Foul Season ...

Owners ...

Equipment on board ...

Condition: ...

In force until ... 19...

FORM No. II

[See rule 15(3)]

Licence

No. ... Sl. No. ...

This is to certify that the craft described below is licensed to ply within the limits of the Port of ...

Name of the craft ...

O. No. ...

Gross tons ...

No. of crew ...

Tindal ...

P. E. Licence No. ...

Maximum carrying capacity ...

(i) Cargo:

Fair Season ...

Foul Season ...

(ii) Passengers:

Fair Season ...

Foul Season ...

Owner(s) ...

...

Conditions: ...

Unless previously cancelled or revoked this licence shall remain in force until 19...

Note: Foul season is from 21st May to 15th September next following.

Dated at ... this ... day of ... 19...

PORT AUTHORITY

Extensions/Endorsements

Note: Foul season is from 21st May to 15th September next following.

Dated at ... this ... day of the month of ... 19...

PORT AUTHORITY

Note: Within 48 hrs. of change of the Tindel or as soon thereafter as possible, the Owner shall intimate to the Port Authority and obtain endorsement of change on this licence.

Extension/Endorsement

FORM III
[See rule 63(2)]

Government of Goa, Daman and Diu

Port Employment Licence

Name of Holder ...

No.

Name in full:

Address in full:

Father's name:

Mother's name:

Date of birth:

Place of birth:

Residential address:

Documents produced:

Signature of Bearer:

Issued at the Office of ...

This day of ... 19...

Height ... metres

No. ...

Complexion ...

Colour of Eyes ...

Hair ...

Distinguishing marks ...

Register No.

Page No.

Latest
PhotographThumb Impression
of Bearer

PORT AUTHORITY

Academic and Technical qualifications

Employment

| Name of craft O. No. | Designation | Signed on | Discharged on |
|-------------------------|-------------|-----------|---------------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |

| Register | | | | |
|-----------|---------|----------|---------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Report on | | | | |
| ability | conduct | sobriety | Signature of tindel or employer | Port Authority |
| 1(a) | 1(b) | 1(c) | 2 | 3 |

| Employment | | | |
|-------------------------|-------------|-----------|---------------|
| Name of craft O. No. | Designation | Signed on | Discharged on |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |

| Register | | | | |
|-----------|---------|----------|---------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Report on | | | | |
| ability | conduct | sobriety | Signature of tindel or employer | Port Authority |
| 1(a) | 1(b) | 1(c) | 2 | 3 |

| Employment | | | |
|-------------------------|-------------|-----------|---------------|
| Name of craft O. No. | Designation | Signed on | Discharged on |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |

| Register | | | | |
|-----------|---------|----------|---------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Report on | | | | |
| ability | conduct | sobriety | Signature of tindel or employer | Port Authority |
| 1(a) | 1(b) | 1(c) | 2 | 3 |

Appreciations, commendations; etc.

Date:

Bestowed

Port Authority

Penalties
Imposed

Port Authority

Endorsement

Renewal of photographs (every 5 years)

By order and in the name of the Lieutenant Governor of Goa, Daman and Diu.

K. B. Shukla, Secretary (Industries and Labour Department).

Panaji, 7th February, 1984.

Law Department (Legal Advice)

Drafting Section

Notification

LD/1/7/84-(D)

The following Act which was passed by the Legislative Assembly of Goa, Daman and Diu on the 20th day of March, 1984 and assented to by the Administrator of this Union territory on 22nd March, 1984, is hereby published for the general information of the public.

N. D. Vengurlekar, Under Secretary (Law).

Panaji, 23rd March, 1984.

THE GOA, DAMAN AND DIU SUPPLEMENTARY APPROPRIATION ACT, 1984

(Act No. 1 of 1984)

An Act to authorise payment and appropriation of certain sums from and out of the Consolidated Fund of the Union territory of Goa, Daman and Diu for the services and purposes of the financial year 1983-84.

BE it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of Goa, Daman and Diu in the Thirty-fifth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

1. Short title. — This Act may be called the Goa, Daman and Diu Supplementary Appropriation Act, 1984.

2. Issue of Rs. 24,18,41,683 out of the Consolidated Fund of the Union territory of Goa, Daman and Diu for the financial year 1983-84. — From and out of the Consolidated Fund of the Union territory of Goa, Daman and Diu there may be paid and applied sums not exceeding those specified in column 5 of the Schedule amounting in the aggregate to the sum of twenty four crores eighteen lakhs forty one thousand six hundred and eighty three towards defraying the several charges which will come in course of payment during the financial year 1983-84 in respect of the services and purposes specified in column 2 of the Schedule.

3. Appropriation. — The sums authorised to be paid and applied from and out of the Consolidated Fund of the Union territory of Goa, Daman and Diu, by this Act shall be appropriated for the services and purposes expressed in the Schedule in relation to the said financial year.

THE SCHEDULE (See Sections 2 and 3)

| No. of Demand | Services and purposes | Sums not exceeding | | |
|---------------|---|--------------------|---|-------------|
| | | Voted by Assembly | Charged on the Consolidated Fund of the Union territory of Goa, Daman and Diu | Total |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. |
| 1. | Union Territory Legislature and Elections ... | 7,59,000 | 17,000 | 7,76,000 |
| 2. | Miscellaneous General Services ... | 31,63,000 | — | 31,63,000 |
| 3. | Administration of Justice ... | 4,41,000 | — | 4,41,000 |
| 4. | Land Revenue, Stamps and Registration ... | 1,89,000 | — | 1,89,000 |
| 5. | State Excise, Sales Tax and Other Taxes and Duties ... | 6,37,000 | — | 6,37,000 |
| 6. | Taxes on Vehicles ... | 2,97,000 | — | 2,97,000 |
| | Appropriation — Interest Payments | — | 2,98,41,000 | 2,98,41,000 |
| 7. | Police and Fire Services ... | 1,25,25,000 | — | 1,25,25,000 |
| 8. | Jails ... | 3,25,000 | — | 3,25,000 |
| 9. | Stationery and Printing | 1,00,000 | — | 1,00,000 |
| 10. | Other General and Economic Services ... | 3,87,000 | — | 3,87,000 |
| 11. | Pension and Other Retirement Benefits ... | 33,00,000 | — | 33,00,000 |
| 12. | Public Works, Housing and Urban Development ... | 1,08,55,000 | 9,100 | 1,08,57,100 |
| 13. | Roads and Bridges | 1,88,11,000 | 1,39,000 | 1,89,44,000 |
| 14. | Education, Art and Culture ... | 3,01,42,000 | — | 3,01,42,000 |
| 15. | Medical, Family Welfare and Public Health, Sanitation and Water Supply ... | 1,55,00,000 | 14,61,000 | 1,69,61,000 |
| 16. | Information and Publicity ... | 7,25,000 | — | 7,25,000 |
| 17. | Labour and Employment ... | 9,00,00 | — | 9,00,000 |
| 18. | Social Security and Welfare, Relief on account of Natural Calamities and Food ... | 23,53,000 | — | 23,53,000 |
| 19. | Cooperation and Community Development ... | 1,13,97,000 | — | 1,13,97,000 |

NOTE:- (X) Not Applicable to Port Office Daman & Diu.